Digital Recording Devices DRAFT 07/09/15

I. Purpose:

The use of <u>Body Worn Cameras (BWC)</u> is an effective tool a law enforcement agency can use to demonstrate its commitment to transparency, ensure the accountability of its members, increase the public's trust in officers, and protect its members from unjustified complaints of misconduct. As such, the San Francisco Police Department is committed to establishing a <u>BWC</u> program that reinforces its responsibility to protecting public and officer safety. The purpose of this Order is to establish the policies and procedures governing that program and ensure effective and rigorous use and adherence.

The <u>BWC</u> is a small audio-video recorder with the singular purpose of recording audio/visual files, specifically designed to be mounted on a person. <u>It The BWC is</u> designed to record audio and video activity to preserve evidence for use in criminal and administrative investigations (including disciplinary cases), civil litigation, officer performance evaluations, administrative inquires and disciplinary cases and to review police procedures and tactics, as appropriate.

II. Policy:

- A. USE OF EQUIPMENT. The Department-issued <u>BWC</u> is authorized for use in the course and scope of official police duties as set forth in this Order. Only members authorized by the Chief of Police and trained in the use of <u>BWC</u>s are allowed to wear Department-issued <u>BWC</u>s. The use of <u>non-Department issued personally</u> owned-<u>BWC</u>s while on-duty is prohibited.
- B. TRAINING. The Department will train all members assigned <u>BWC</u>s prior to deployment. Members assigned <u>BWC</u>s shall use the devices in accordance with their training and the provisions outlined in this order.
- C. PROGRAM ADMINISTRATOR. The Risk Management Office (RMO) is the <u>BWC</u>'s program administrator. The duties of the RMO include, but are not limited to:
 - 1. Tracking and maintaining **PDRDBWC** inventory
 - 2. Issuing and replacing **PDRDBWCs** to authorized members
 - 3. Granting security access to the computer server
 - 4. Monitoring retention timeframes as required by policy and law
 - 5. Complying with pPublic #Record Act requests and all other court record requests
 - 6. Conducting periodic and random audits of <u>PDRDBWC</u> equipment and the computer server

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III. Definitions:

BODY WORN CAMERAS. XXX

HEALTH FACILITY. XXX

Commented [rk1]: Goals taken from PERF/US DOJ Report: Implementing a Body-Worn Camera Program

Commented [S2]: Suggested by the Public Defenders' Office

Commented [S3]: Public Defenders Office suggestion is to use the word "peace officer."

IVII. Procedures: A. Set Up and Maintenance. Members shall be responsible for the proper care and use of their assigned BWC and associated equipment. 1. Members shall test the equipment at the beginning of their shift and prior to deploying the **<u>BWC</u>** equipment to ensure it is working properly and is fully charged. If the member discovers a defect or that the equipment is malfunctioning, the member shall cease its use and shall promptly report the problem to his/her Platoon Commander or Officer in Charge. Commented [rk4]: There was discussion about developing a form to report the malfunction/defect. 3. If the member discovers that the BWC is lost or stolen, the member shall submit a memorandum though the chain of command memorializing the circumstances, in accordance with Department General Order 2.01, Rule 24, Loss or Damage to Department Property. 4. If the member's BWC is damaged, defective, lost or stolen, the member's supervisor shall facilitate a replacement **<u>BWC</u>** as soon as practical. Commented [rk5]: Oakland PD 5. Members shall attach the **<u>BWC</u>** in such a way to provide an unobstructed view of officer/citizen contacts. The BWCs shall be considered mounted correctly if it is mounted in one of the Department-approved mounting positions. Commented [rk6]: Oakland PD B. Consent Not Required. Private persons do not have an expectation of privacy when dealing with police officers performing their normal scope of lawful duties. Members are This policy does not required a member to activate or deactivate a BWC upon the request of a citizen. Members are not required to initiate or cease recording an event, situation or Commented [S7]: Looking for the Supreme Court case to cite. circumstance solely at the demand of a citizen. C. Authorized Use. All members equipped with a BWC shall activate their BWC equipment to record in the following circumstances: Commented [rk8]: Oakland PD Commented [rk9]: The working group did discuss that some agencies recommend that officers have the BWCs on all the time: 1. Detentions and arrests the working group is not making that recommendation Consensual encounters where the member suspects that the citizen may be 2. involved in criminal activity as a suspect, victim or witness, except as noted in Section III, D. 5150 evaluations 3. 4. Traffic and pedestrian stops 5. When serving a search or arrest warrant 6. Conducting any of the following searches on one's person and/or property: Incident to an arrest a. b. Cursory Commented [S10]: Suggestion from Public Defenders Office to Probable cause add the tem "pat search in parenthesis d. Probation/parole

 e. Consent f. Vehicles 7. Transportation of arrestees and detainees 8. During any citizen encounter that becomes hostile 9. In any situation when other situations when the assigned member believes that athe recording would be valuable for evidentiary purposes 10. Only in situations that serve a law enforcement purpose. Members shall not activate their <u>BWC</u>s in situations that serve no law enforcement purpose. 	Commented [rk11]: Suggested by Officer Booth
D. Prohibited Recordings	Commented [rk13]: The group wanted to add a title to this section
Members shall not intentionally use activate, or if already activated, shall deactivate the	
BWCs to record when encountering:	Commented [S14]: As suggested by DC Ali.
1. Sexual assault and child abuse victims during a preliminary investigation	developed by a member of the group, but to date, not received
2. Situations that could compromise the identity of confidential informants and undercover operatives	
3. Strip searches	
However, a member may record in these circumstances if the member can articulate an	
exigent circumstance that required deviation from the normal rule in these situations. 4. Surreptitious recording of Department members as defined in DGO 2.01, Rule 56,	
Surreptitious Recordings.	Commented [rk16]: DGO 2.01
 First Amendment Activities as defined in DGO 8.10, Guidelines for First Amendment Activities. 	
Marchar shall not activity the DWC is a margar that is an effective much third the DCO	
Members shall not activate the BWC in a manner that is specifically prohibited by DGO 2.01, General Rules of Conduct, Rule 56 – Surreptitious Recordings - and DGO 8.10,	
Guidelines for First Amendment Activities.	Commented [S18]: As suggested by Commander Moser.
E. Permissible-Terminations of Recordings	
Once the <u>BWC</u> has been activated, members shall continue using the <u>BWC</u> until their	
involvement in the event has concluded to ensure the integrity of the recording, unless the contact moves into an area restricted by this policy. Members <u>shall may terminate</u>	
<u>deactivate the BWC a recording</u> in the following circumstances:	
1. When discussing sensitive tactical or law enforcement information away from the	
 After receiving an order from a higher ranking member 	
3. After arriving safely at the booking facility	
 When recording at a hospital would compromise patient confidentiality 5. When gathering intelligence information from witnesses or community members. 	Commented [rk19]: Oakland PD
and there is concern that a <u>BWC</u> would inhibit intelligence information gathering	
efforts <u>.</u> as some witnesses and community members may be hesitant to report information if they know their statement will be recorded. They may fear	
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	retaliation, worry about their own privacy, or not feel comfortable sharing sensitive information on camera. Officers should have the discretion to keep their cameras turned off in these situations.	Commented Feb201, DEDE
	cameras turned on in these situations.	Commented [rk20]: PERF
•	iewing BWC Recordings.	Commented [rk21]: The working group acknowledges that there are two opposing views on this issue: 1) allow officers to view the recording prior to writing an incident report, and 2) not allowing
1	documentation is essential for the proper administration of justice and complying with the Department's obligation to maintain full and complete records of enforcement and investigative activities, investigators, supervisors, prosecutors and other officials rely on complete and accurate records to perform their essential duties and responsibilities. Officers are therefore required to review body worn video recordings on their assigned device or authorized computer prior to documenting an incident, arrest, search, interview, use of force, or other	the officers to view prior to writing an incident report.
	enforcement or investigative activity to ensure that their reports, statements, and documentation are accurate and complete.	
	A member's recollection and perception of an incident may vary from what he/she may later recall and/or from what a recording captures. A review of a recording is intended to aid in recollection. However, members should remember to focus on their own perspective and specific recollection of the event.	
2.	 Recordings may be reviewed by a member for any legitimate investigatory purpose, including but not limited to, preparing an incident report, preparing statements, or providing testimony, except when the member is the subject of the investigation in any of the following that were captured by the BWC: a. An officer-involved shooting or in-custody death, b. A member is the subject of a criminal investigation, or an immediate administrative investigation or an immediate investigation c. At the discretion of the Chief of Police or their-designee. 	
	For the above listed circumstances, the Department's administrative or criminal investigator will coordinate with the member or the member's legal representative to arrange the viewing of the BWC recording prior to the member's interview.	Commented [rk23]: Director Hicks feels that the OCC investigators should be included as one of the entities that will coordinate with the member or the member's legal representative for the above listed "carve outs"
3.	Members with no legitimate law enforcement purpose shall not access or view BWC recordings.	Commented [rk24]: Similar to LAPD
C	Documentation.	

If a member deactivates a BWC recording prior to the conclusion of an event, the member shall document the reasons for terminating the recording in CAD, the incident report, a written statement or a memorandum.

If a member reactivates the BWC after turning the equipment off, the member shall document the reasons for restarting the recording in CAD, the incident report, a written statement or a memorandum.

If a member determines that officer or public safety would be compromised if a BWC were activated during an incident requiring its use, the member shall document in CAD, an incident report, a written statement or a memorandum the reasons for not using the BWC.

If a member terminates the prior to the conclusion of an event, the member shall document the reasons for terminating the recording in an incident report, written statement or CAD entry or a memorandum. If the member restarts the after turning the equipment off, the member shall document the reason for restarting the recording in the incident report, written statement or CAD or a memorandum.

FH. Storage and Use of Recordings.

- 1. A member who has recorded an event shall upload the footage prior to the end of his or her watch unless instructed to do so sooner by an assigned investigator or a superior officer
- 2. When uploading recordings to the computer server, members shall identify each <u>BWC</u> recording with the incident report number, CAD number or citation number and the appropriate incident category title to ensure the recording is accurately retained and to comply with local, state and federal laws.

3.

Note: A member's recollection and perception of an incident may vary from what he/she may later recall and/or from what a recording captures. A review of a recording is intended to aid in recollection. However, members should remember to focus on their own perspective and specific recollection of the event.

- 4. Members with no legitimate law enforcement purpose shall not access recordings.
- GI. Duplication and Distribution.
 - 1. Departmental Requests

The officer-in-charge or commanding officer of the unit assigned the investigation recorded by the <u>BWC</u>, or the officer-in-charge or commanding officer of the

Legal Division shall have the authority to permit the duplication and distribution of the <u>BWC</u> files. Other than routine discovery request stemming from the rebooking process or court proceedings, any member requesting to duplicate or distribute a <u>BWC</u> recording shall obtain prior approval from the officer-in-charge or the commanding officer of the unit assigned the investigation, or the officer-in-charge or commanding officer of the Legal Division. Duplication and distribution of <u>BWC</u> recordings are limited to those who have a "need to know" and a "right to know" and are for law enforcement purposes only.

2. Non-Departmental Requests

- a. Members shall accept and process public records requests in accordance with the provisions of federal, state and local statutes and Department policy.
- b. Members shall provide discovery requests related to the rebooking process or other court proceedings by transferring the <u>BWC</u> recording to the requesting agency by using the computer server where the <u>BWC</u> recording is stored.

HJ. Retention.

The Department shall retain all <u>BWC</u> recordings for a minimum of one year in adherence with local, state, federal statues and Department policy.

A <u>BWC</u> recording may be saved for a longer or indefinite period of time as part of a specific case if deemed relevant to a criminal, civil or administrative matter.

Except for members of the RMO, a member may not delete any <u>BWC</u> recording without prior authorization. The member seeking to delete a recording shall submit a memorandum to his/her Commanding Officer requesting to delete footage from a <u>BWC</u> file and shall make an entry of the request in the appropriate case file, if applicable.

The Commanding Officer shall then forward the memorandum to the Commanding Officer of the Risk Management Office for evaluation and appropriate action.

Members of the RMO are authorized to delete <u>BWC</u> recordings in accordance with the Department's established retention policies on <u>BWC</u> recordings and when directed by the Commanding Officer of the Risk Management Division.

IK. Accidental or Unintentional Recordings.

If a <u>BWC</u> accidentally or inadvertently captures an unintended recording, the member may submit a memorandum through the chain of command specifying the date, time, location and a summary of the unintentionally recorded event. This memorandum shall be forwarded to the Commanding Officer of the Risk Management Office for evaluation and appropriate action.

Commented [rk25]: Oakland PD

KL. Discovery of Potential Misconduct during Authorized Review.

Members reviewing recordings should remain focused on the incident captured in the <u>BWC</u> and should review only those recordings relevant to the investigative scope. If potential misconduct is discovered during any review of the <u>BWC</u>, a superior officer shall conduct an administrative investigation pursuant to Department General Order 1.06, Duties of Superior Officers, Section I.A.4. Nothing in this procedure prohibits addressing Department policy violations.

References:

Los Angeles Police Department's Body Camera Policy Oakland Police Department's Body Camera Policy Bart Police Department's Body Camera Policy San Diego Police Department's Body Camera Policy PERF/US DOJ Report: Implementing a Body-Worn Camera Program

DGO 1.06, Duties of Superior Officers DGO 2.01, Rules 23 and 24, Use of Department Property and Loss or Damage to Department Property DGO 2.01, Rule 56, Surreptitious Recordings <u>DGO 2.04, XXXX</u> DGO 8.10, Guidelines for First Amendment Activities