ROGER T. NUTTALL #42500 NUTTALL & COLEMAN

2333 Merced Street Fresno, CA 93721 Phone (559) 233-2900 Date: March 9, 2021 Time: 8:15 a.m.

Dept.: 6

Attorneys for CHELSEA BECKER

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA FOR THE COUNTY OF KINGS HANFORD DIVISION

CASE: 19CMS-5304 THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF SUPPLEMENTAL CALIFORNIA, SUBMISSION IN SUPPORT OF RENEWED MOTION, IN RESPONSE PLAINTIFF, TO ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE, TO BE VS. RELEASED ON PETITIONER'S OWN RECOGNIZANCE OR FOR CHELSEA BECKER. REDUCTION OF BAIL IN SUPERIOR COURT IN LIGHT OF In re Humphrey DEFENDANT. (2018) 19 Cal.App. 5th 1006, 1041-1045 **DATE:** March 9, 2021 TIME: 8:15 a.m.

TO: THE HONORABLE JUDGE OF THE ABOVE-ENTITLED COURT, AND TO THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF KINGS COUNTY AND/OR HIS REPRESENTATIVE, MELISSA D'MORIAS:

DEPT: 6

Chelsea Becker, by and through her attorneys, hereby relies on and incorporates by reference the previously filed Petitioner's Traverse To Respondent's Return To The Order To Show Cause And Memorandum Of Points And Authorities and Petitioner's Supplemental Submission To The Traverse To The Respondent's Return To The Order To Show Cause¹. In addition, Ms. Becker provides this supplemental submission for the Court's consideration in

Case: 19CMS-5304

People v. CHELSEA BECKER

SUPPLEMENTAL SUBMISSION IN SUPPORT OF RENEWED MOTION, IN RESPONSE TO ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE, TO BE RELEASED ON PETITIONER'S OWN RECOGNIZANCE OR FOR REDUCTION OF BAIL IN SUPERIOR COURT IN LIGHT OF In re Humphrey (2018) 19 Cal.App. 5th 1006, 1041-1045 - 1

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¹ We have no objection to the prosecution, likewise, relying on and incorporating by reference their previously filed, Return to the Order to Show Cause in this matter.

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response to this Court's February 22, 2021 minute order granting a bail review hearing to "consider releasing Ms. Becker on her own recognizance or for the reduction of bail in the superior court in light of In re Humphrey (2018) 19 Cal.App.5th 1006, 1041-1045." See Court of Appeal, December 3, 2020 Order.

Petitioner, Chelsea Becker, respectfully urges this Court to permit Ms. Becker to be immediately released in this case on her own recognizance consistent with the Constitutions of the United States and the State of California, the requirements set forth in Penal Code section 1275, and the Court of Appeal's holding in *In re Humphrey*, (2018) 19 Cal.App.5th 1006, 1041–1045 [228 Cal.Rptr.3d 513, 538-542] (Section III) (hereinafter "*Humphrey*") (precedential effect reinstated by Cal. *In re Humphrey*, (2020) 268 Cal.Rptr.3d 119 [472 P.3d 435].

No Danger to the Community

During the February 22, 3021 hearing (Transcript attached as Exhibit 1) before this Court, the Court stated that "I don't find that she's a danger to the community." P. 4 L. 19. Therefore, we will not address that aspect of the prosecution's earlier objection to Ms. Becker being released from pre-trial detention.

No Failure to Return to Court, No Felony Conviction, and No Strike Conviction

Likewise, the prosecution has acknowledged in its Return to the Order to Show Cause filed in Superior Court that at the February 20, 2020 bail hearing held in this matter, that the Court was provided with several false representations, stating at page 9:

At the bail hearing on February 20, 2020, the prosecutor relied on the Bail Report which mistakenly stated the Petitioner failed to appear in court. Further, in reviewing Petitioner's documentation before appearing at Petitioner's Bail Review Hearing on February 20, 2020, the Sheriff believed Petitioner suffered a felony Penal Code section 245(a)(1) strike conviction

because the Bail Review Report denoted this prior felony conviction; however; upon further review, that conviction was reduced to a misdemeanor as Petitioner alleges.

Ms. Becker has never failed to appear at <u>any</u> scheduled court proceeding. Ms. Becker has no relevant criminal history. Ms. Becker did not have a conviction that was "reduced." Rather, she has never had any felony conviction at all; the only conviction in her juvenile record was the misdemeanor plea itself. See, Ms. Becker's Traverse to the prosecution's Return to the Order to Show Cause, (Ex. 8) Becker Juvenile Records Part 1:21, 23,33,57 and Part 2:33 (filed in a separate confidential volume with the court). There was never a strike conviction.

No Flight Risk

There is no evidence that Ms. Becker has <u>ever</u> been a flight risk. Indeed, as the Court is aware, after her stillbirth and prior to her arrest in this matter, after receiving a call from the police, she voluntary met with them and discussed the circumstances of her stillbirth. There is no evidence, none, that she was ever aware, (how could she have been?) of the issuance of an arrest warrant in this matter until the police arrived to arrest her. The fact that, at the time, she was homeless, had lost her cellphone and was still seriously suffering from her substance abuse disorder does not equate with being a flight risk. It equates only with a woman in dire need of support.

Absolute Indigency

Finally and, given the issues discussed above, dispositively, there is no doubt that Ms. Becker is indigent. She cannot afford <u>any</u> bail. This Court has previously been provided with Ms. Becker's Declaration of Indigency. For the Court's convenience, it is attached hereto as Exhibit 2. Ms. Becker has no assets, no property and no means to provide any funds or collateral to support even a minimal bail bond. As the trial level court did in the Humphrey case, this Court has previously determined that releasing Ms. Becker on bail is appropriate. But *Humphrey* is equally clear that imposing bail:

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for the population unable to afford money bail [...] make[s] a mockery of the Supreme Court's observation in Salerno that prior to trial "liberty is the norm." (Salerno, supra, 481 U.S. at p. 755.) In the present case, as we have said, the prosecution did not present any evidence, let alone clear and convincing evidence, to establish that "no condition or combination of conditions of release would ensure the safety of the community or any person" (Salerno, supra, 481 U.S. at pp. 743-744), thereby justifying abridgment of petitioner's liberty interest while awaiting trial.

Section III of Humphrey, Id. at 41.

Likewise in this case, in this case, the only condition suggested by the prosecution was that Ms. Becker be drug tested. She has been tested and she is drug free.

Section III of *Humphrey*, Id. at 35, also holds that "a defendant may not be imprisoned solely due to poverty". As explained in *Humphrey*, since it is clear that Ms. Becker can not afford <u>any</u> bail, setting a bail amount will necessarily violate Ms. Becker's due process rights. The *Humphrey* court could not have been more clear, under circumstances virtually identical to the instant case, when it said:

And while the court attempted to acknowledge petitioner's circumstances by lowering the initially set amount of bail, the reduction from \$600,000 to \$350,000 was ineffectual. The reduction could be meaningful only if the court had reason to believe it possible for petitioner to post bail in the lower amount; but the court did not find or explain such a possibility, and the record suggests that, as defense counsel stated, petitioner was no more able to post bail in the amount of \$350,000 than he was to post bail in the amount of \$600,000. Nothing in the record suggests petitioner's claim of indigency was not bona fide, and neither the district attorney nor the court questioned the veracity of the claim. The court thus reached the anomalous result of finding petitioner suitable for release on bail but, in effect, ordering him detained (and therefore rendering him unable to participate in the treatment program the court had made a condition of release).

Section III of Humphrey, Id. at 41

A person facing the exact same charges as Ms. Becker, under the exact same circumstances but with access to the financial resources necessary to pay bail or hire a bail bond company would not have spent any more than a few days in jail arranging to pay bail.

On February 22, 2021 the Court stated, in reference to his decision to reduce her bail from \$5,000,000 to \$2,000,000 that:

SUPPLEMENTAL SUBMISSION IN SUPPORT OF RENEWED MOTION, IN RESPONSE TO ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE, TO BE RELEASED ON PETITIONER'S OWN RECOGNIZANCE OR FOR REDUCTION OF BAIL IN SUPERIOR COURT IN LIGHT OF In re Humphrey (2018) 19 Cal.App. 5th 1006, 1041-1045 - 4

 It appeared to me that she could probably afford the two million dollar bond, not two million in cash herself, but certainly bondsmen take payment plans, bondsmen take reduced fees for that two million, and considering the fact that she has a bevy of lawyers showing up for her at every hearing, I've never had anybody represented by four attorneys before, it would appear to me there probably was some financial resources there. P. 6 L.2-10

The Court's assumption is understandable but is completely misplaced. None of the defense lawyers are being paid for their work on Ms. Becker's behalf. Ms. Becker's case first came to the attention of the National Advocates for Pregnant Women (NAPW)a not-for profit which addresses issues related to criminalizing women's behavior with regard to their own bodies and pregnancies. Mr. Arshack, a consulting attorney to NAPW, reached out to attorneys Jacqueline Goodman and Roger Nuttall to ask for their pro bono assistance in this important case and they agreed. All of the attorneys working on this matter are working pro-bono. None of the attorneys have received or ever will receive any payment for the work done on this matter.

A Residential Drug Treatment Placement

Sadly, for the last 16 months, Ms. Becker has been in pretrial detention based on her indigency. During that time she received no institutional support. But, as observed by the Court on February 22, 2021, she also has not had access to any controlled substances. During the February 22, 2021 hearing the prosecution requested that Ms. Becker be drug tested before any release. Ms. Becker consented to the test during the hearing and the next day she was tested. The Probation report which will be submitted to the Court for the March 9, 2021 bail review hearing will demonstrate that Ms. Becker had a clean drug test.

We agree with the Court's observation during the February 22, 2021 hearing, that:

[I]t just seems to me that after *Humphrey* in that 15 to 16 months what should be explored is whether she has a place to live, whether she has some things set up to deal with the drug addiction, because just because she's been sober for 15 or 16 months doesn't mean she's not an addict. And if you just go right back into the street without some support mechanism, my fear is we'll be right back where we are. But if there's, [...], some counseling set up or some drug courses, live-in, outpatient, something that deals with addressing the addiction, the fact that she's been able to go 15, 16 months in

P.9 L.6

There was also an acknowledgement and agreement during the February 22, 2021 hearing that it made sense to locate a treatment facility in large metropolitan area well away from Kings County. During that colloquy the Court correctly observed that, "[I]if you get away from those old friends, you get away from those old influences." P.13 L. 5 In order to address this issue, we have contacted a leading provider of residentially based drug treatment.

HealthRight360 (https://www.healthright360.org/service/substance-use-disorder-treatment) in San Francisco is a nationally recognized provider of high quality residential drug treatment services. (See Exhibit 3)

Following our February 22, 2021 hearing we were able to arrange with the Kings County Jail for an extended phone assessment of Ms. Becker by Dr. Natasha Marina, a physician at HealthRight360. Following that assessment, HealthRight360 issued a letter (Exhibit 4) advising that Ms. Becker is appropriate for placement in their residential facility and will be accepted. The program is initially a 90 day highly structured residential treatment program. If longer structured residential care is required, that can be offered as well. After successful completion, there are a variety of step down programs into which participants are moved to. These services are all paid for by MediCal which will be arranged by HealthRIGHT360 upon Ms. Becker's arrival at their facility. In a follow up phone call, Dr. Marina informed Mr. Arshack that as soon as she is released, a bed will be made available to her.

In addition, we have established a relationship with the Roots Community Health Center (RCHC) (www.rootsclinic.org) which works closely with HealthRIGHT360 to provide necessary social services, social supports, job training and employment to individuals transitioning out of residential drug treatment. In addition to these services, RCHC has agreed to provide transportation for Ms. Becker from the Kings County Jail to the HealthRIGHT360 residential facility upon her release from jail.

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The imposition of bail on an indigent person who cannot afford to pay bail or pay for a bond and who, if they had sufficient funds, would be released, is contrary the holding in *Humphrey*. The Court, however, is free to consider alternative conditions of release which will assure that Ms. Becker returns to court when required to do so. We expect and completely agree that regular reporting to the Department of Probation and/or the Court from HealthRIGHT360 would be appropriate. Such reporting would describe Ms. Becker's participation in the treatment program and alert the Department of Probation and/or the Court to any compliance issues which may arise.

We believe that such regular reporting on whatever regular frequency the Court thinks appropriate, combined with a requirement that the program immediately inform the Department of Probation and/or the Court of any failure of Ms. Becker to comply with the program's requirements, is sufficient to keep the Court apprised of Ms. Becker's progress and will permit the court to change the conditions of release or withdraw it completely if Ms. Becker fails to comply with the program's requirements.

However, in the event the Court would require the Department of Probation to have the ability to have a more constant monitoring of Ms. Becker's whereabouts and a means to actually communicate with her, we have made an arrangement with RECONNECT (www.reconnect.io). RECONNECT is a nationwide provider of court connected remote participant location monitoring, voice and face to face communication, check-in, and compliance assurance services that rely on specially programmed hardware including smartphones and ankle monitors. (See Exhibit 5). If the court decides to impose electronic monitoring as a condition of release, we have arranged through RECONNECT for a preprogrammed smart phone and ankle monitor to be made available for that purpose. RECONNECT provides these services in 32 states. All training of staff who will interact with the software and hardware will be trained by RECONNECT experts. RECONNECT is pleased to introduce their capabilities to the court, program staff and

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1	court related staff. There will be no cost to the Court nor to Ms. Becker for those items for the
2	time that such monitoring is required.
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6	<u>Conclusion</u>
7	For the reasons stated herein, as well as those stated in her filed Petitioner's Traverse To
8	Respondent's Return To The Order To Show Cause And Memorandum Of Points And
9	Authorities and Petitioner's Supplemental Submission To The Traverse To The Respondent's
10	Return To The Order To Show Cause, Ms. Becker asks this Court to issue an order releasing
11	her on own recognizance with conditions that 1) She participate and comply with the treatment
12	program described above and; 2) If the Court imposes electronic monitoring as a condition of
13	release, that she cooperate and comply with anything that such monitoring may require.
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15	Dated: March 4, 2021 Respectfully submitted,
16	NUTTALL & COLEMAN
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19	ROGER T. NUTTALL Attorneys for CHELSEA BECKER
20	Attorneys for Oribbsbly Broker
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CERTIFICATE OF WORD COUNT

I, Roger T. Nuttall, co-counsel for Chelsea Becker, petitioner and defendant, do hereby certify and verify, pursuant to the California Rules of Court, rule 8.204(c)(1), that the word processing program used to generate this brief indicates that the word count for this document SUPPLEMENTAL SUBMISSION IN SUPPORT OF RENEWED MOTION, IN RESPONSE TO ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE, TO BE RELEASED ON PETITIONER'S OWN RECOGNIZANCE OR FOR REDUCTION OF BAIL IN SUPERIOR COURT IN LIGHT OF *In re Humphrey* (2018) 19 Cal.App. 5th 1006, 1041-1045 is 2,425 words, excluding the cover information, this certificate, the signature blocks and any attachments permitted under rule CRC rule 8.486.

I declare that the foregoing is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief at the time of making this verification.

EXECUTED on March 4, 2021, under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California, in Fresno, California.

ROGER T. NUTTALL

Case: 19CMS-5304

People v. CHELSEA BECKER

SUPPLEMENTAL SUBMISSION IN SUPPORT OF RENEWED MOTION, IN RESPONSE TO ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE, TO BE RELEASED ON PETITIONER'S OWN RECOGNIZANCE OR FOR REDUCTION OF BAIL IN SUPERIOR COURT IN LIGHT OF In re Humphrey (2018) 19 Cal.App. 5th 1006, 1041-1045 - 9

Exhibit 1

1	SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA
2	COUNTY OF KINGS, KINGS COUNTY JUDICIAL DISTRICT
3	HONORABLE ROBERT SHANE BURNS, Judge
4	DEPARTMENT 6
5	THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE)
6	OF CALIFORNIA,
7	Plaintiff,) No. 19CMS-5304
8	vs.
9	CHELSEA CHEYENNE BECKER,)
10	Defendant.))
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12	Hanford, California February 22, 2021
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15	REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT
16	<u>of</u>
17	ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE RE BAIL REVIEW HEARING
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22	WARNING!! PURSUANT TO CALIFORNIA GOVERNMENT
23	CODE SECTION 69954, NO PARTY OR PERSON SHALL PROVIDE OR SELL A COPY OR COPIES OF A COURT REPORTER'S
24	TRANSCRIPT TO ANY OTHER PARTY OR PERSON.
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27	REPORTED BY:
28	CHERI FIKE, CSR #6200, RMR, CRR

APPEARANCES OF COUNSEL: 1 2 FOR THE PLAINTIFF: 3 KEITH FAGUNDES District Attorney, Kings County MELISSA D'MORIAS, Deputy D.A. 4 1400 West Lacey Blvd. 5 Hanford, California 93230 6 FOR THE DEFENDANT: DANIEL ARSHACK, Esq. 8 Attorney at Law JACQUELINE B. GOODMAN, Esq. 9 Attorney at Law SAMANTHA LEE, Esq. Attorney at Law 10 ALEXANDRIA DE LA FUENTE, Esq. 11 Attorney at Law 12 ---000---BE IT REMEMBERED, that the above-entitled 13 14 matter came on regularly for hearing in the Superior Court of California, County of Kings, Kings County 15 Judicial District, Department 6, before the HONORABLE 16 17 ROBERT SHANE BURNS, Judge, on February 22, 2021. 18 The People of the State of California were 19 represented by MELISSA D'MORIAS, Esq., Deputy District 20 Attorney for the County of Kings, State of California. 21 The Defendant, CHELSEA CHEYENNE BECKER, 22 was present in court and was represented by counsel, 23 DANIEL ARSHACK, Esq., Attorney at Law, JACQUELINE B. 24 GOODMAN, Esq., Attorney at Law, SAMANTHA LEE, Esq., 25 Attorney at Law, and ALEXANDRIA DE LA FUENTE, Esq., 26 Attorney at Law. 27 ---000---

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1 WHEREUPON, the following proceedings were 2 had and testimony given, to wit: 3 ---000---THE COURT: Are we ready on the Becker 4 5 Is Ms. Goodman up there? Mr. Arshack was matter? 6 there earlier. MR. ARSHACK: Yes, we're prepared and ready, 7 Judge. 8 9 THE COURT: Why don't you bring Miss Becker, 10 please. 11 (Pause in the proceedings.) 12 THE COURT: All right. The record will reflect Miss Becker has joined us by video conference. 13 14 Her attorney, Ms. Goodman, is appearing by video 15 conference; Mr. Arshack is appearing by video conference; we have Ms. Lee appearing by video 16 17 conference; and I believe Mr. Nuttall's office was appearing by telephone and is still present. 18 19 Miss Becker, you have a right to be present 20 in the courtroom today, but because of the virus for 21 everybody's safety we would like to proceed by video; 22 is that all right with you? 2.3 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. 24 THE COURT: Thank you, Miss Becker, I 25 appreciate that. 26 It's here on an order to show All right. 27 cause why Miss Becker should not be allowed to have another bail review hearing and I have had a chance to 28

read through everybody's pleadings. Let me clear something up for everyone before we begin, because it appears to me that both sides are asserting that I made findings that I never made. And it's my fault, I don't believe I necessarily explained it on February 20th, although I do believe I clarified it at either the May 20th or the June 4th bail reviews, but needless, no matter. At the bail review the defense, Ms. Goodman argued — this is on the February 20th one — that Miss Becker should be released because 187 didn't apply to her under these circumstances, that she was a good flight risk and that she was not a danger to the community and that she could not afford the five million dollar bail as set by the schedule.

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Frankly, as you all know, I don't agree with the analysis that Penal Code Section 187 doesn't apply to Miss Becker's situation. I did not find, although both sides seem to assert that, that she's a danger to the community. I don't find that she's a danger to the community. Frankly, I didn't think anybody took that argument serious since this clearly was not an act where like we typically see, somebody goes out and attacks somebody else and uses a gun, a knife, a car, or whatever. This is more of an individual who was clearly heavily addicted to controlled substances and that addiction led to the death of a fetus, but it was more self-abuse as opposed to abuse of others. not accept the argument that she was not a flight

risk. That was my concern. She was a flight risk, and I believe I stated that expressly either at the May 20th bail review hearing or the June 4th bail review hearing. I reduced the bail from five million to two million because I believed she was a flight risk and I believed through a bondsman she could post the fee for the two million.

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The reason why I thought she was a flight risk was because I was the one who signed the arrest warrant from October 31st, 2019, and as I recall from that arrest warrant, her mother made indications she wasn't allowing her to live there anymore and that Miss Becker was suffering mental health issues because of the drug usage. The defendant herself told the officers that she was homeless and slept in stairwells at times and that her mother wouldn't let her live at the house so she had no place to go. That she left the hospital, as I recall, against medical advice while still having medical apparatus, although I don't remember what they were, attached to her. reluctant to speak to Child Protective Services and the police when they came to check on another child. After she left the hospital it took cajoling to get her to show up, and then it took the officers a week to find her once the arrest warrant was issued, which is unusual for that charge in this community with somebody that's grounded in the community. And she was facing a murder charge, which does have the

possibility of a life term.

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It appeared to me that she could probably afford the two million dollar bond, not two million in cash herself, but certainly bondsmen take payment plans, bondsmen take reduced fees for that two million, and considering the fact that she has a bevy of lawyers showing up for her at every hearing, I've never had anybody represented by four attorneys before, it would appear to me there probably was some financial resources there.

Now, the argument from Ms. Goodman was simply that she couldn't afford the five million without any greater explanation or flushing out. I accepted it as true and I reduced it to what I thought she could possibly make. Now, it appears to me that the order from the Fifth is simply that she's to have a bail -- that there's an order to show cause to see why she shouldn't have a new bail hearing, although no new bail hearing was ever asked of the Court, and it seems patently obvious to me that there are changed circumstances with Miss Becker, not the least of which is at each of the bail review hearings Humphrey was not the law.

Humphrey was passed and it was decided in 2018, and then on May 23rd, 2018, the Supreme Court took it for review and ordered it not to be cited or relied upon and it stayed in that status until August 26th, 2020, at which time the Supreme Court reinstated

the precedential value of Part 3 of Humphrey, which is where we sit today, but that clearly occurred months after the last time bail was ever discussed on Miss Becker's case.

In addition to that, the concerns I had in terms of her being a flight risk dealt largely with what appeared to be a heavy addiction to controlled substances, which was some 15 months ago. She's been in custody for about 15 months, I think it is, maybe closer to 16, which I would assume she's not using drugs while inside the county jail for the last 16 months, and that would seem to place her in a better position that she was in back at the February 20th bail review certainly, but probably even the bail review in May, and I don't recall the June and she actually having a bail review, I think it was during the demurrer the defense also requested a bail reduction at that time. At least that's how I recall it, I might have that wrong.

So that's kind of where it sits to me is it looks like just the fact that Humphrey has become law and it wasn't, although the Court may have made a little bit of a Humphrey's analysis in the February 20th bail review because I was aware of the case, it certainly wasn't flushed out by the parties by either side and that seems to be different now that Humphrey is the law.

Ms. D'Morias, do you want to address those

concerns from the Court?

MS. D'MORIAS: Your Honor, I'm in agreement with what the Court had previously analyzed when it came to considering the bail review and the issues with securing Miss Becker's attendance in court for the lifetime of this case. I don't believe there's any changed circumstances.

THE COURT: You don't think 16 months of being in custody --

(Disruption in BlueJeans.)

MR. ARSHACK: Judge, we seem to be reconnected now.

THE COURT: All right, I'm not sure what happened there, I apologize to everybody. Do we have everybody we need? I see Miss Becker, Mr. Arshack, Ms. Goodman, Ms. Lee, I see the phone number for Ms. De La Fuente from Mr. Nuttall's office. There's Ms. D'Morias. I think we're good to go, correct?

MR. ARSHACK: Yes, Judge, we were knocked off just as Ms. D'Morias was saying I think that she was going to leave it to the Court.

THE COURT: No, I think she was saying she doesn't see a change of circumstances, and I was starting to ask her the question wouldn't the fact that, one, Humphrey is now the law and it wasn't then be a change of circumstance, it's a change in legal standard; and two, and more importantly in my mind, the fact that Miss Becker's been in custody for 15 or

16 months would certainly seem to affect her obvious drug addiction or heavy drug addiction, which was the primary concern of the Court from 15 or 16 months ago.

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Todav isn't the bail review. Today is the hearing to see if she should be allowed a bail review, and it just seems to me that after Humphrey in that 15 to 16 months what should be explored is whether she has a place to live, whether she has some things set up to deal with the drug addiction, because just because she's been sober for 15 or 16 months doesn't mean she's not an addict. And if you just go right back into the street without some support mechanism, my fear is we'll be right back where we are. But if there's, you know, some counseling set up or some drug courses, live-in, outpatient, something that deals with addressing the addiction, the fact that she's been able to go 15, 16 months in custody which would mean clean and sober is certainly a huge leg up to where she would have been before, it would help with those type of services. And it seems to me we've taken a rather convoluted route to get where we're at. I think all that really needed to be requested was a bail review because Humphrey is now the law and we've got some changed circumstances, but be that as it may, here's where we are.

That's what I'd like you to address, Ms.

D'Morias. It's whether she's entitled to a bail

hearing, not whether she should be released today or

1 not. Those issues haven't been flushed out by the 2 parties yet, it's just whether she should be entitled 3 to have such a hearing. That's what the order to show cause from the Fifth was. 4 5 MS. D'MORIAS: Okay, yes, your Honor, I understand now. And I would agree with the Court's 6 analysis that if Miss Becker in terms of her addiction 7 issues has some system or support system in place 8

understand now. And I would agree with the Court's analysis that if Miss Becker in terms of her addiction issues has some system or support system in place where she can be released and maintain her sobriety and not reoffend, that is an issue the Court should take up in terms of her custody status.

THE COURT: All right, thank you.

Who's going to argue this for the defense?

MR. ARSHACK: I will, Judge, Dan Arshack.

THE COURT: Mr. Arshack, did you want to be

heard?

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MR. ARSHACK: I do briefly, Judge. I'm pleased to say that I agree with you on a number of points.

THE COURT: Let me mark my calendar. Let me get a calendar, I'll mark that down.

MR. ARSHACK: There you go. Of course -- of course, Humphrey was not the law when bail was originally set, and, of course, I agree with you it is the law now. I think you would also agree with Humphrey that your reduction of bail from five million dollars to two million dollars was anchored in the bail schedule as Humphrey uses the term at page 35 of

its opinion, 36 of its opinion, and that what is inferred according to *Humphrey* by the fact that your Honor was inclined to release her on any bail at all was that, as you said, she's not a danger to her community, and the amount of bail at that time not — not configured by *Humphrey* was not calculated based on what she could conceivably have paid.

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Judge, you know, a 2 million dollar bail still requires between 7 and 10 percent. And as you know, you have an affidavit of indigency from Miss Becker, she doesn't have anything near that amount. But I think we may be quibbling over details if I'm reading and understanding what you're saying accurately. She has indeed been clean for the last 15 months. Her mother has submitted an affidavit that you have saying that she's welcome to stay at her home --

THE COURT: Those issues go to whether -today's issue is whether she should be entitled to a
bail hearing. Those issues go to whether --

MR. ARSHACK: I also agree with you, Judge, that the order from the Court of Appeals is on that, should she be entitled to a bail hearing. I think we're all in agreement, including Ms. D'Morias, that she should be entitled, there's a significant number of changes of circumstances.

I want to alert you to the fact that Miss Becker has been evaluated for placement in a -- in a

1 residential treatment facility. We completely agree 2 that that's an appropriate placement and she agrees. 3 It's something that she wants very much to accomplish. We couldn't actually obviously pull the trigger on 4 5 that --6 THE COURT: Right. 7 MR. ARSHACK: -- before knowing that the 8 Court would permit that --9 THE COURT: Right. 10 MR. ARSHACK: -- and inasmuch as she doesn't 11 have any money to post for bail. If at the end of a 12 rehearing, which I'm perfectly prepared to schedule 13 now, we decide that it makes sense for her to be in a 14 treatment facility, we will undertake the -- getting 15 her there and setting up a scheme that informs the 16 Court how she's doing on a regular and repeatable 1.7 basis. So I do join in Ms. D'Morias and your 18 conclusion that we ought to have a subsequent bail 19 hearing as soon as possible. Which treatment facility or 20 THE COURT: residential program have you looked into? 21 22 MR. ARSHACK: You know, we've looked at 23 The fact is that the treatments within Kings 2.4 County are limited. 25 THE COURT: Right. 26 MR. ARSHACK: And the availability of beds

is limited. We may have to go further afield.

are opportunities in larger metropolitan areas.

27

28

There's something as well to be said I think for Miss Becker, and I think she would agree with this, in having her removed from the community in which she was an active drug user.

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2.5

THE COURT: Yeah, if you get away from those old friends, you get away from those old influences.

MR. ARSHACK: I totally agree. So because we haven't been able to actually reserve a bed for her someplace, we haven't narrowed down the choices. But if we were to set a date for a hearing within I would say two weeks, we will be able to at that point identify facilities that she would be both eligible and would have a place for her to be.

THE COURT: The reason I asked was that, you know, you're saying that you would undertake getting her there. Depending on the facilities it's a fairly common practice, I don't know if I would say within the county, certainly within my court, I often order Probation to pick her up from the jail and get her to the facility.

MR. ARSHACK: I don't think we really have an issue with how she gets there, it's only that she gets there. Some of the facilities have workers who come to collect people as well.

THE COURT: Right, that's true.

MR. ARSHACK: But one way or another, I know it's what Miss Becker wants, it's clearly I think, Judge, what you want, I hope it's what Ms. D'Morias

1 We'll get her there and she can continue 2 improving. All right. Ms. D'Morias, do you 3 THE COURT: 4 want to be heard any further? 5 MS. D'MORIAS: Your Honor, I just -- part of the analysis that I would like to see at the bail 6 7 review hearing is whether -- what a drug test of 8 Miss Becker right now would come back as. We do know 9 that drugs are, unfortunately, in the jail at times so 10 I would like to know whether she's used recently 11 before we agree that she has been sober for 15 months 12 and wants to go into treatment. 13 THE COURT: Well, whether she's been sober 14 for 15 months, she certainly doesn't have the access 15 to narcotics in the facility as she would while she 16 was out on the street, right? So that would mean a 17 diminished nature of the addiction. 18 MR. ARSHACK: We can't hear you, Chelsea. 19 THE COURT: Miss Becker is on mute. 20 MR. ARSHACK: You're muted, Chelsea. 21 Miss Becker, hold on. THE COURT: 22 THE DEFENDANT: I'm willing to take a drug 23 test right now. 24 Hold on before you speak. THE COURT: 25 THE DEFENDANT: Okav. 26 It's usually beneficial if you THE COURT: 27 talk to your lawyers, but you kind of blurted it out 28 anyways, so...

I guess, Mr. Arshack, and, Ms. Goodman, do you have any objection to Miss Becker taking a drug test? We can get a presumptive done as part of the bail review.

MR. ARSHACK: We've been trying to get
Chelsea tested for months at the Kings County Jail.
As long as they're testing her for drugs, let's test
her for COVID as well.

THE COURT: Well, you can take that up with the county, that's a little bit beyond me. I don't mind ordering a test for the drugs because that would be related to the circumstance of whether or not she should be released on bail. So it sounds like then everybody is in agreement in whether we have and I'm going to order a bail review hearing.

My only question, Mr. Arshack, Ms. Goodman, when do you want to have that? We can do it as soon as a couple days, but if you're looking at a program and you wanted to have a little bit more concrete terms towards that, you might want a little more time.

MR. ARSHACK: I had suggested two weeks, that works for me. I don't know about the rest of our crew. But before we do that, Judge, there is one additional ask that I would make, and that is, as I said, we had had Miss Becker evaluated by an addiction physician earlier on. Since that point in time the ability to have a longer evaluation by someone from a program has been limited and I was going to ask

whether your Honor would be willing to enter an order to permit Miss Becker to have a longer conversation. You know, if I speak to her on the legal line, I'm limited to 20 minutes with her and I can't third party in somebody into that conversation. They will want to speak to her for at least an hour and a half, and the first time we had her evaluated they did that by providing her with a phone in a private room and they spoke to her and were able to perform that evaluation, but that was several months ago. And if we could have an order from your Honor asking for that arrangement to be made again, that would facilitate her being able to be placed.

1.2

THE COURT: I think the Sheriff has a due process right to be heard on whether or not I order an hour and a half phone call, so I'm not going to make that order. My guess is, though, knowing my Sheriff, if you make that request, they'll make it available. If not, if you just place the matter back on calendar and, you know, we can even bypass maybe the -- well, you just put it back on calendar, we can do an order shortening time and the Sheriff can be heard as to why he can't accommodate a longer phone call, but I don't think you're going to run into a problem with that.

MR. ARSHACK: I appreciate that.

THE COURT: But I do think it's problematic for me to order that since that's outside the normal custodial function without him or that department

1 having a right to be heard. 2 MR. ARSHACK: I understand. I'll convey 3 your sentiment to the jail as well. 4 THE COURT: Absolutely. In fact, we can put 5 on the minute order that the Court approves of letting 6 her have an extended phone call with an addiction 7 specialist for purposes of the bail hearing, but I 8 won't order that at this time since the Sheriff hasn't been heard, so it's clear in the minute order that the 9 10 Court approves of that particular mechanism, but I'm 11 not going to order it without them having a chance to be heard on it. Would that help? 12 13 MR. ARSHACK: I think that ought to do the 14 trick, I appreciate that. 1.5 THE COURT: Okay, so then is there anything 16 else we need to take up? You said about two weeks, 17 how about two weeks and a day, maybe March 9th? 18 MR. ARSHACK: That works for me, yes. THE COURT: Ms. D'Morias, does that work for 19 20 you? 21 MS. D'MORIAS: Yes, your Honor. 22 THE COURT: Mr. Valentine, that should give you plenty of time, correct? 23 24 PROBATION OFFICER VALENTINE: Yes, your 25 Honor, March 9th. 26 THE COURT: March 9th, and you understand 27 what I want addressed in the bail review report, 28 correct?

1	PROBATION OFFICER VALENTINE: I have made	
2	those notes, your Honor.	
3	THE COURT: Okay. Is there anything else we	
4	need to take up, Mr. Arshack?	
5	MR. ARSHACK: I think we're good, Judge.	
6	THE COURT: Ms. Lee?	
7	MS. LEE: No.	
8	THE COURT: No? Ms. Goodman?	
9	MS. GOODMAN: No, thank you.	
10	THE COURT: Ms. De Le Fuente? I'm going to	
11	guess from the silence that means no.	
12	Ms. D'Morias?	
13	MS. D'MORIAS: No, your Honor.	
14	THE COURT: All right. Mr. Arshack, it was	
15	nice to see you, I hope you're feeling better.	
16	MR. ARSHACK: Thank you so much. Thanks for	
17	asking.	
18	THE COURT: I hope it was nothing serious.	
19	MR. ARSHACK: Take care.	
20	THE COURT: Everybody have a nice day. Good	
21	luck to you.	
22	Ms. Becker, good luck to you. I'll see you	
23	on the 9th.	
24	THE DEFENDANT: Thank you.	
25	PROBATION OFFICER VALENTINE: Judge?	
26	THE COURT: Probation officer.	
27	PROBATION OFFICER VALENTINE: Real quick, I	
28	never heard if there was an order specific to the drug ${\mathcal W}$	

1	testing.	
2		THE COURT: Yes.
3		PROBATION OFFICER VALENTINE: Okay.
4		THE COURT: She's volunteered to do a drug
5	test.	
6		PROBATION OFFICER VALENTINE: Thank you.
7		(Matter concluded.)
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---000----I, CHERI FIKE, a Certified Shorthand Reporter, DO HEREBY CERTIFY: That the foregoing and annexed pages constitute a full, true, and correct transcript of the proceedings had and testimony given in the hearing of the matter entitled as upon the first page hereof. Dated: February 23, 2020 /s/ CHERI FIKE, CSR Official Reporter Pro Tempore #6200 2.1

Exhibit 2

1	JACQU	ELINE GOODMAN	
2	SBN: 1'	y at Law 72308	
3	712 N.	ODMAN LAW BUILDING Harbor Blvd.	
4	Telepho	n, California 92832 ne: 714.879.5770	
5		C. D.C. L. OH DODA DECVED	
6	Attorne	y for Defendant CHLESEA BECKER	
7			
8		IN THE SUPERIOR COURT (OF THE COUNTY OF KINGS
9		STATE OF CALIFORNIA,	HANFORD COURTHOUSE
10			
11	THE PI	EOPLE OF THE STATE OF	Case No. 9TR04184
12	CALIF	ORNIA,	DECLARATION OF DEFENDANT
13		Plaintiffs,	CHELSEA BECKER RE HER CURRENT FINANCIAL CONDITION
14	•	vs.	
15	CHLES	EA BECKER,	
16		Defendant.	
17			
18			
19		DECLARATION	OF DEFENDANT
20	I, CHEL	SEA BECKER, declare:	
21	1.	I am the defendant in the above-entitle	d case.
22	2.	I have been incarnated since being a	rrested on these charges on November 6, 2019,
23		because I am unable to the afford bail	as currently set in the amount of \$2 million.
24	3.	I am now and have been indigent for	virtually all of my life. I have had no source of
25		income whatsoever since the time of m	y incarceration.
26	4,	I do not have any saving or bank accou	ents with funds or other assets on deposit.
27	5.	I own no interest in stocks or bonds and	d never have.
28	6.	I own no real property and never have.	27/
			OF DECEMBANT

EXHIBIT 2

. 1	7. I do not own a car.	
2	8. The personal property I own is worth a total of approximately \$ 100 °	1
3	I declare under penalty of perjury, under the laws of the State of California, that the	foregoing
4	is true and correct, except as to matters stated on information and belief, and as to those	matters, I
5	believe them to be true.	
6	Executed this (date) 5-8-2020, at (city) Honford, Calif	omia.
7		11)
8	Challed Parten	
9	CHELSEA BECKER	
10	Defendant/Declarant	
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-	33	
	DECLARATION OF DEFENDANT	į.

EXHIBIT 2

Exhibit 3

Residential Services Include

- Individual and group therapy
 - Family therapy
- Individualized case management
 - Treatment planning
- Drug and alcohol counseling
 - Re-entry and aftercare
 - HIV treatment
- Medication support
- Infectious disease prevention services



Transgender Recovery Program HealthRIGHT 360 offers safe, specialized treatment for transgender individuals with substance use disorders, including those with co-occurring mental health issues and/or HIV/AIDS.

Clients may also receive referrals to the full spectrum of HealthRIGHT 360 services, including residential drug and alcohol treatment, mental health services, and primary healthcare clinics, as well as local re-entry services related to computer literacy, job search, and housing.



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For more information, please contact: Henry Uyehara, Admissions Director San Francisco, CA Co-ed Residential San Francisco, CA 214 Hayes Street San Francisco, CA huyehara@healthRIGHT360.org 890 Hayes Street Men's Residential 815 Buena Vista Men's Residential www.healthright360.org 415-762-3700 Joogie Maps - \$2014 Google worning Park (3) 15/157

San Francisco, CA

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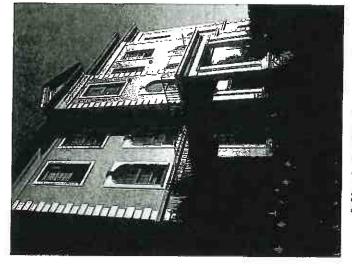
For More Information Please call:

415-762-3700

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- Former client



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HealthRIGHT 360 gives hope, builds health, and changes lives for people in need. We do this by providing compassionate, integrated care that includes primary care, mental health, and substance use disorders

treatment.



HealthRIGHT 360 Residential Behavioral Health Treatment

HealthRIGHT 360 offers residential treatment services designed to serve individuals with substance use disorders, co-occurring mental health disorders, and/or HIV/AIDS.

Our program helps clients:

- address addiction and related issues
- increase skills
- manage stressors
- connect to supportive services
- visit our clinics for medical needs
- build a foundation for lasting recovery

Health RIGHT 360 delivers culturally responsive, compassionate, integrated care to clients in the San Francisco Bay Area, Los Angeles, and the Central Valley.

Most of our clients are uninsured and face additional challenges from homelessness, incarceration, or poverty.



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GET BETTER. DO BETTER. BE BETTER

PROOF OF SERVICE

California.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA,) 19CMS5304

COUNTY OF FRESNO.) CHELSEA BECKER

I am employed in the County of Fresno, State of California. I am over the age of eighteen (18) and not a party to the within action; my business address is: 2333 Merced Street, Fresno, California 93721.

On March 1, 2021, I served the foregoing document described as: SUPPLEMENTAL SUBMISSION IN SUPPORT OF RENEWED MOTION, IN RESPONSE TO ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE, TO BE RELEASED ON PETITIONER'S OWN RECOGNIZANCE OR FOR REDUCTION OF BAIL IN SUPERIOR COURT IN LIGHT OF *In re Humphrey* (2018) 19 Cal.App. 5th 1006, 1041-1045 on the interested parties in this action by placing a copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope addressed as follows:

Xavier Becerra	Melissa D'Morias Assistant District Attorney
California Attorney General's Office	1400 W. Lacey Blvd., Bldg. 4Hanford, CA
Post Office Box 944255	93230
Sacramento, California 94244	[X] Via Email to
[X] BY U.S. MAIL	melissa.d'morias@co.kings.ca.us & U.S. Mail
Hon. Robert Shane Burns, Judge	Clerk of the Court,
Kings County Superior Court	Kings County Superior Court
1649 Kings County Dr.	1640 Kings County Dr.
Hanford, California 93230	Hanford, CA 93230
[X] [By Hand]	[X] [By Hand]

X I declare under penalty of perjury, under the laws of the State

of California the above is true and correct. EXECUTED on March \$2021, at Fresno,

DENIŠHA MURRAY

Case: 19CMS-5304

People v. CHELSEA BECKER

SUPPLEMENTAL SUBMISSION IN SUPPORT OF RENEWED MOTION, IN RESPONSE TO ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE, TO BE RELEASED ON PETITIONER'S OWN RECOGNIZANCE OR FOR REDUCTION OF BAIL 'N SUPERIOR COURT IN LIGHT OF In re Humphrey (2018) 19 Cal.App. 5th 1006, 1041-1045 -